Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (2-04) AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended.								
Local Government Type	ent Name		County Bay County	,				
Audit Date Opinion Date June 30, 2005 November 11, 2005	Date Accountant Rep	oort Submitted to Sa						
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the <i>Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> by the Michigan Department of Treasury.								
We affirm that:								
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of L	Local Units of Govern	nment in Michigar	as revised.					
2. We are certified public accountants registered to pract	ctice in Michigan.							
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have be in the report of comments and recommendations	een disclosed in the	financial stateme	ents, including	the notes, or				
You must check the applicable boxes for each item below	V.							
yes no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencie	s of the local unit are	e excluded from th	e financial sta	tements.				
yes \boxtimes no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one of earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).	or more of this unit'	's unreserved fu	nd balances/re	tained				
yes \(\subseteq \ no \ 3. \) There are instances of non-compliance 1968, as amended).	with the Uniform Acc	counting and Bud	geting Act (P.A	. 2 of				
yes on 4. The local unit has violated the condition or its requirements, or an order issued				nce Act				
yes \(\subseteq \) no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investmen of 1943, as amended [MCL: 129/91], o				(P.A. 20				
yes in o 6. The local unit has been delinquent in disunit.	stributing tax revenue	es that were colle	cted for anothe	er taxing				
yes no 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).								
yes \(\subseteq \ no \ 8. \) The local unit uses credit cards and has 1995 (MCL 129.241).	☐ yes ☒ no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 (MCL 129.241).							
yes no 9. The local unit has not adopted an inves	tment policy as requi	ired by P.A. 196 o	of 1997 (MCL 1	29.95).				
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required				
The letter of comments and recommendations.								
Reports on individual federal financial assistance program			\boxtimes					
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)								
Yeo & Yeo, P.C. Street Address	Ci		100.000	ZIP				
6018 Eastman Avenue		Midland	MI	48640				

Bay County, Michigan

Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report June 30, 2005

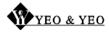


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City of Auburn List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2005

City Commission

John McNally - Mayor

Richard Fletcher - Commissioner

Ann Machelski - Commissioner

B.J. Raab - Commissioner

William Reder - Commissioner

Cynthia Rhynard - Commissioner

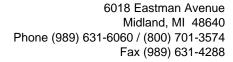
James Zoller - Commissioner

Other Officers and Officials

JoElla Krantz – City Administrator

Lucille Wiesenauer – City Clerk/Treasurer







Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Auburn Auburn, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Auburn as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Auburn as of June 30, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Auburn's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Yeo & Yeo, P.C. November 11, 2005

Midland, Michigan

CITY OF AUBURN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LETTER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Auburn's financial performance presents management's overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplemental Information and Other Supplemental Information.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statement

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Net assets are displayed in three categories:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt
- Restricted
- Unrestricted

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include: general government, public safety, streets, sanitation and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include: a water and sewer system and motor pool.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the Downtown Development Authority. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds individually. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Auburn, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Auburn maintains eight (8) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Local Street Fund, Major Street Fund and the Road Revolving Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and other major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Auburn maintains three (3) proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Auburn uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles and other equipment.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budgetary information for the City's major funds and other supplemental information concerning indebtedness information.

Analysis of the Government-Wide Financial Statements

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 1,655,525	\$ 1,481,268	\$ 397,929	\$ 406,923	\$ 2,053,454	\$ 1,888,191	
Capital assets	575,810	563,831	2,705,528	2,776,128	3,281,338	3,339,959	
Total assets	2,231,335	2,045,099	3,103,457	3,183,051	5,334,792	5,228,150	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	59,521	140,001	56,231	181,492	115,752	321,493	
Long-term liabilities	945,143	1,130,306	79,793		1,024,936	1,130,306	
Total liabilities	1,004,664	1,270,307	136,024	181,492	1,140,688	1,451,799	
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets -							
Net of related debt	(308,622)	563,831	2,600,735	2,776,128	2,292,113	3,339,959	
Restricted	2,968	137,384	-	-	2,968	137,384	
Unrestricted	1,532,325	73,577	366,698	225,431	1,899,023	299,008	
Total net assets	\$ 1,226,671	\$ 774,792	\$ 2,967,433	\$ 3,001,559	\$ 4,194,104	\$ 3,776,351	

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Auburn, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,194,104 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. City of Auburn's increase in net assets for this fiscal year amounts to \$431,024.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (55%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any accumulated depreciation and related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets \$2,968 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$1,899,023 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City's Changes in Net Assets:

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2005	2005 2004 2005 2004		2005	2004		
Revenue							
Program revenue							
Charges for services	\$ 107,057	\$ 139,437	\$ 587,674	\$ 531,520	\$ 694,731	\$ 670,957	
Operating grants and contributions	-	148,631	-	-	-	148,631	
General revenue							
Property taxes	685,035	595,405	-	-	685,035	595,405	
State-shared revenue	340,274	201,888	-	-	340,274	201,888	
Interest	22,642	15,869	3,956	2,251	26,598	18,120	
Miscellaneous	66,173	134,826	1,011	19,775	67,184	154,601	
Transfers	(12,400)	21,164	12,400	(21,164)			
Total revenue	1,208,781	1,257,220	605,041	532,382	1,813,822	1,789,602	
Program expenses							
General government	168,578	211,083	-	-	168,578	211,083	
Public safety	239,272	237,802	-	-	239,272	237,802	
Public works	307,369	546,633	-	-	307,369	546,633	
Community and economic development	6,611	11,018	-	-	6,611	11,018	
Recreation and culture	74,623	71,374	-	-	74,623	71,374	
Interest on long-term debt	54,570	67,728	-	-	54,570	67,728	
Water and sewer			531,775	473,687	531,775	473,687	
Total program expenses	851,023	1,145,638	531,775	473,687	1,382,798	1,619,325	
Change in net assets	\$ 357,758	<u>\$ 111,582</u>	\$ 73,266	\$ 58,695	\$ 431,024	<u>\$ 170,277</u>	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$357,758 accounting for 83% of the total growth in the net assets of the City.

City of Auburn Funds

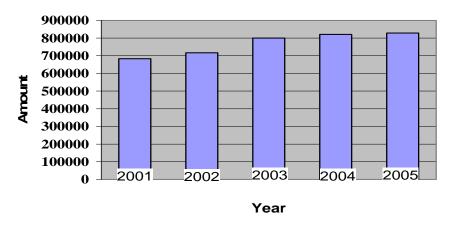
The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City of Auburn as a whole. The City Commission creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as show accountability for certain activities, such as State of Michigan Act 51, Major and Local Street funds for 2005.

General Fund

Functions relating to the general governmental activities of the City, which are financed by property tax levies, by distribution of State revenues from fees charged for various municipal activities and services are recorded in the General Fund. This fund had an increased fund balance of \$39,052 over 2004.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of the end of the fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$828,514, an increase of \$6,975 over prior year balance, less then 1% increase over the previous year. Following is a chart of the General Fund fund balance trend over the last five years.

General Fund - Unreserved Fund Balance



Major and Local Street Funds

The State of Michigan provides municipalities revenues from gas and weight taxes to reimburse expenditures for the maintenance and construction of the local street system. The State requires that these expenditures be segregated into a Major Street component and a Local Street component. The City uses these fund improvements for the City street system, along with contributions from General Fund. Major Street Fund balance had an increase of \$25,305 due mainly to the postponement of budgeted projects. The local street fund decreased \$8,380 due mainly to lower than budgeted transfers from the General Fund, which were partly offset due to the postponement of budgeted projects.

Road Revolving Fund

The city has a millage for road construction and improvements accounted for in this fund. The increase in fund balance of \$151,033 was budgeted in order to increase reserves fro future projects.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$73,266 accounting for 17% of the total growth in the City's net assets. The Water Fund continued to invest capital assets to replace its aging infrastructure. The Sewer Fund will continue to build capital reserves for future replacement and repairs of the Nine Mile Road pump station.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison statements are provided in the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with annually appropriated budgets. These statements show the original budget, final budget, actual amounts, and the variances between actual and final budgeted amounts. Operating the City is a dynamic undertaking and budget amendments are approved throughout the year. Budgets are revised for a variety of reasons, such as unanticipated revenues or unforeseen expenditures. Over the course of the fiscal year the City Commission revised the budget two times. Significant changes were for the change in timing of sidewalk and street improvements in the City.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At June 30, 2005 the City had \$3,281,338 invested in capital assets, net, including buildings, equipment, park and recreation facilities and water and sewer lines.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2005, the City of Auburn had total bonded debt outstanding of \$964,225. Additional information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 7.

Economic Factors

The General Operating Fund of the City is primarily reliant on distributions of state shared revenues and property taxes. State shared revenues have continued to decline. State revenues are at their lowest since 1970. At this writing, the State of Michigan's revenues are, once again, falling below projections. This may impact Auburn through further reductions in State revenue sharing. To date these revenue reductions have been masked because of our growth and increased property tax revenues. The City will continue to monitor revenues and expenditures to ensure the City maintains a balanced budget.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Administrator at 113 E. Elm Street, Auburn, Michigan 48611.

City of Auburn Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	1			
	Governmenta Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,429,84	7 \$ 386,953	\$ 1,816,800	\$ 431,349
Receivables		_		
Taxes	17,23		17,233	-
Customers	8,65	· ·	70,310	-
Special assessments	34,59		34,591	-
Accrued interest and other	9,572		9,572	603
Due from other units of government	55,432		55,432	-
Internal balances	(10,81	,		-
Due from other funds	4,91		4,911	-
Prepaid items	6,100	0 38,505	44,605	-
Advances to other funds	100,000	, ,	,	-
Capital assets, net	575,810	0 2,705,528	3,281,338	157,128
Total assets	2,231,33	5 3,103,457	5,334,792	589,080
Liabilities				
Checks written against future deposits	9,902	2 -	9,902	-
Accounts payable	22,609	9 53,632	76,241	_
Accrued and other liabilities	25,629	9 2,397	•	-
Due to other units of government	1,38	· ·	•	-
Noncurrent liabilities	•		•	
Due within one year	79,929	9 27,600	107,529	_
Due in more than one year	865,214	•	917,407	-
Total liabilities	1,004,66	136,024	1,140,688	<u>-</u>
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(308,62	2,600,735	2,292,113	157,128
Restricted for:	(000,022	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,202,110	101,120
Debt	2,968	8 -	2,968	_
Unrestricted	1,532,32		1,899,023	431,952
Total net assets	\$ 1,226,67			\$ 589,080
TUIAI TIEL ASSELS	φ 1,220,07	<u>υ 2,301,433</u>	ψ 4,134,104	ψ 509,000

City of Auburn Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Program Revenues						
			Operating	Capital		imary Governme	nt	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Functions/Programs Primary government Governmental activities				<u> </u>	7.00.100			
General government	\$ 168,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (168,578)	\$ -	\$ (168,578)	\$ -
Public safety	239,272	2,087	-	-	(237,185)		(237,185)	-
Public works	307,369	104,105	-	-	(203,264)	-	(203,264)	-
Community and economic development	6,611	865	_	_	(5,746)	_	(5,746)	_
Recreation and culture	74,623	-	-	-	(74,623)	-	(74,623)	-
Interest on long-term debt	54,570				(54,570)		(54,570)	
Total governmental activities	851,023	107,057			(743,966)		(743,966)	
Business-type activities								
Sewer	222,564	292,008	-	-	-	69,444	69,444	-
Water	309,211	295,666				(13,545)	(13,545)	
Total business-type activities	531,775	587,674				55,899	55,899	
Total primary government	\$ 1,382,798	\$ 694,731	\$ -	\$ -	(743,966)	55,899	(688,067)	
Component unit Downtown Development Authority	\$ 12,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				(12,419)
	General revenues Property taxes State shared revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers				685,035 340,274 22,642 66,173 (12,400)	- - 3,956 1,011 12,400	685,035 340,274 26,598 67,184	154,204 - 5,173 - -
	Total gen	eral revenues	and transfers		1,101,724	17,367	1,119,091	159,377
	Change in ne	et assets			357,758	73,266	431,024	146,958
	Net assets - I	beginning of ye	ear		774,792	3,001,559	3,776,351	442,122
	Prior period a	adjustment			94,121	(107,392)	(13,271)	
	Net assets - I	beginning of ye	ear (restated)		868,913	2,894,167	3,763,080	442,122
	Net assets -	end of year			\$ 1,226,671	\$ 2,967,433	\$ 4,194,104	\$ 589,080



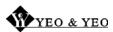
City of Auburn Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

			Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Major Street	Local Street	Road Revolving	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 680,857	\$ 101,302	\$ 25,113	\$ 322,048	\$ 16,256	\$ 1,145,576
Taxes Customers	11,942 8,408	-	-	5,291 -	- 245	17,233 8,653
Special assessments Accrued interest and other Due from other units of government	34,591 9,498 25,548	- - 18,572	- - 11,312	- 74 -	- - -	34,591 9,572 55,432
Due from other funds Prepaid items Advances to other funds	4,911 4,309 100,000	- 561	4,088 606	- - -	- - -	8,999 5,476 100,000
Total assets	\$ 880,064	\$ 120,435	\$ 41,119	\$ 327,413	\$ 16,501	\$ 1,385,532
Liabilities Checks written against future deposits Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other funds Due to other units of government Deferred revenue	\$ - 20,805 8,266 - 1,194 21,285	\$ - 122 1,579 4,088 136	\$ 9,902 224 151 - 3	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 9,902 21,151 9,996 4,088 1,333 21,285
Total liabilities	51,550	5,925	10,280			67,755
Fund Balances Reserved for: Debt service Unreserved, reported in: General fund	- 828,514	- -	-	-	2,968	2,968 828,514
Special revenue funds Total fund balances	<u>-</u> 828,514	114,510 114,510	30,839	327,413 327,413	13,533 16,501	486,295 1,317,777
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 880,064	\$ 120,435	\$ 41,119	\$ 327,413	\$ 16,501	\$ 1,385,532

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total fund baland	ces for governmental funds	\$ 1,317,777
Total net assets fo	or governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Capital assets use	ed in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	287,278
Certain receivable	s are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the funds.	21,285
Certain liabilities a Accrued interest Compensated al		(15,083) (60,711)
•	es applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly as fund liabilities.	(884,432)
Internal service fu	nds are included as part of governmental activities.	560,557
Net assets of gov	vernmental activities	\$ 1,226,671



Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

			Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Major Street	Local Street	Road Revolving	Other Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Total
Revenues		_			_	
Taxes	\$ 453,188	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 231,847	\$ -	\$ 685,035
Licenses and permits	21,062	-	-	-	857	21,919
State revenue sharing	191,453	101,106	40,783	-	-	333,342
Other state grants	-	2,218	4,714	-	-	6,932
Charges for services	104,113	-	-	-	-	104,113
Fines and forfeitures	1,089	-	- 102	- 2.540	-	1,089
Interest income Rental income	16,937 3,875	674	102	2,549	33	20,295 3,875
Other revenue	20,946	-	-	-	-	20,946
Total revenues	812,663	103,998	45,599	234,396	890	1,197,546
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	185,943	_	_	_	_	185,943
Public safety	229,481	_	_	_	3,900	233,381
Public works	265,233	47,760	69,076	_	-	382,069
Community and economic development	6,611	-	-	_	_	6,611
Recreation and culture	63,026	_	_	_	_	63,026
Capital outlay	-	5,656	10,180	_	_	15,836
Debt service		2,222	,			,
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	74,929	74,929
Interest and fiscal charges					56,141	56,141
Total expenditures	750,294	53,416	79,256		134,970	1,017,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	62,369	50,582	(33,657)	234,396	(134,080)	179,610
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	25,277	-	126,357	151,634
Transfers out	(55,394)	(25,277)		(83,363)		(164,034)
Total other financing sources and uses	(55,394)	(25,277)	25,277	(83,363)	126,357	(12,400)
Net change in fund balance	6,975	25,305	(8,380)	151,033	(7,723)	167,210
Fund balance - beginning of year	821,539	89,205	39,219	176,380	24,224	1,150,567
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 828,514	\$ 114,510	\$ 30,839	\$ 327,413	\$ 16,501	\$ 1,317,777

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	167,210
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay		(23,698) 77,931
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Special assessments		21,285
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities Accrued interest Compensated absences		1,571 1,559
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.		
Repayments of long-term debt		74,929
Internal service funds are also included as governmental activities		36,971
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	357,758



City of Auburn Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

		E	_			
		Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Assets Current assets Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 230,796	\$ 156,157	\$ 386,953	\$ 284,271	
Receivables Customers Prepaid items		23,832 37,702	37,825 803	61,657 38,505	- 624	
Total current assets		292,330	194,785	487,115	284,895	
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net		1,149,585	1,555,943	2,705,528	288,532	
Total assets		1,441,915	1,750,728	3,192,643	573,427	
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities		37,108 1,203	16,524 1,194	53,632 2,397	1,458 550	
Due to other units of government Current portion of noncurrent liabilities		96 27,600	106 25,000	202 52,600	48	
Total current liabilities		66,007	42,824	108,831	2,056	
Noncurrent liabilities Advances from other funds Long-term debt net of current portion		- 52,193	75,000	75,000 52,193		
Total noncurrent liabilities		52,193	75,000	127,193		
Total liabilities		118,200	117,824	236,024	2,056	
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		1,069,792 253,923	1,530,943 101,961	2,600,735 355,884	288,532 282,839	
Total net assets		\$ 1,323,715	\$ 1,632,904	2,956,619	\$ 571,371	
Some amounts reported for business-type activities different because certain internal service funds asse business-type activities				10,814		
Net assets of business-type activities	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements	;		\$ 2,967,433	AVEC & VEC	

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Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	 Enterprise Funds						
	 Sewer	V	Vater		Total		nternal ⁄ice Funds_
Operating revenue Customer fees Rental income Other revenue	\$ 287,798 150 49	\$	290,556 - 812	\$	578,354 150 861	\$	- 167,200 -
Total operating revenue	 287,997		291,368		579,365		167,200
Operating expenses Personnel services Supplies Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other expenses	21,501 2,353 144,376 3,661 12,864 566		43,280 13,109 174,692 195 38,216 3,287		64,781 15,462 319,068 3,856 51,080 3,853		23,659 18,558 664 2,854 16,202 14,192
Depreciation	 36,017 221,338	-	39,224 312,003	-	75,241 533,341		45,636 121,765
Total operating expenses	 66,659		(20,635)	-	46,024	-	45,435
Operating income (loss)	 00,039		(20,033)	-	40,024	-	40,430
Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Interest income Interest expense	 2,181 (2,998)		1,775 (6,250)		3,956 (9,248)		2,350
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (817)		(4,475)		(5,292)		2,350
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers out	65,842		(25,110)		40,732		47,785
Capital contributions Transfers in	 4,210		5,110 12,400		9,320 12,400		<u>-</u>
Change in net assets	 70,052		(7,600)		62,452		47,785
Net assets - beginning of year	1,361,055	1,	640,504	;	3,001,559		528,703
Prior period adjustment	 (107,392)				(107,392)		(5,117)
Net assets - beginning of year restated	 1,253,663	1,	640,504		2,894,167		523,586
Net assets - end of year	\$ 1,323,715	\$ 1,	632,904	:	2,956,619	\$	571,371
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities					10,814		
Change in net assets of business-type activities				Ъ	2,967,433		



City of Auburn Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Internal

		Bu	siness-type	Act	ivities - En	terp	rise Funds	Ser	vice Funds
			Sewer		Water		Total	E	quipment
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used		\$	286,891 (187,547) (21,501) (6,486)	\$	299,007 (192,340) (43,280) (33,258)	\$	585,898 (379,887) (64,781) (39,744)	\$	167,200 (51,935) (23,659)
Net cash provided by operating activities			71,357	_	30,129	_	101,486		91,606
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfer from other funds Repayment from other funds			-		12,400 (25,000)		12,400 (25,000)		- -
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities			-		(12,600)	_	(12,600)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital contributions Purchases/construction of capital assets Principal and interest paid on long-term debt			4,210 - (31,880)		5,110 (4,641) (6,250)		9,320 (4,641) (38,130)		- - -
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities			(27,670)	_	(5,781)	_	(33,451)		-
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received			2,181		1,775		3,956		2,350
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			45,868		13,523		59,391		93,956
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year			184,928		142,634		327,562		190,315
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year		\$	230,796	\$	156,157	\$	386,953	\$	284,271
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables (net) Prepaid items Accounts payable		\$	66,659 36,017 (1,106) (25,905) (5,159)	\$	(20,635) 39,224 7,639 (146) 3,509	\$	46,024 75,241 6,533 (26,051) (1,650)	\$	45,435 45,636 - (87) 414
Accrued and other liabilities			755		432		1,187		160
Due to other units of government		_	96	_	106		202		48
Net cash provided by operating activities	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements	\$	71,357	\$	30,129	\$	101,486	<u>\$</u>	91,606
	4 - 9						115	YEC	% YEO

City of Auburn Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2005

	_ Payro			turrent Tax ollection
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	7,590	<u>\$</u>	4,911
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	695	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		4,911
Due to other units of government		6,895		-
Total liabilities	\$	7,590	\$	4,911



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

City of Auburn is governed by an elected seven-member Commission. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit column in the entity wide financial statements include the financial data of the City's Downtown Development Authority. This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The members of the Governing Board of the Downtown Development Authority are appointed by the City Commission. The budget of the Downtown Development Authority must be approved by the City Commission. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Downtown Development Authority. The Downtown Development Authority does not issue any other form of financial statements except as contained in the City of Auburn annual financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District – The City of Auburn and Williams Township jointly govern the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District. The funding formula requires the City provide 30% and Williams Township 70% of the operational and building costs. The District has title to all property, plant and equipment. All of the financial operations of the District are recorded in the Auburn-Williams Fire Protection District.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial



statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major and Local Street Funds account for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenue that are restricted for use on Major and Local Streets.

The Road Revolving Fund accounts for taxes levied for road construction and improvements.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund and the Sewer Fund account for the activities of the water distribution system and sewage collection system.

Additionally, the government reports the following:

The Building Inspection Fund is used to account for specific revenue derived from General Fund appropriations and charges for services which are to be expended for specific purposes as dictated by legal, regulatory or administrative requirements.

Debt Service Funds that record revenue and the payment of interest, principle and other expenditures on long term debt.

Internal Service Funds accounts for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Payroll and Current Tax Collection Fund accounts for payroll expenses and property tax and other deposits collected on behalf of other units and individuals.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also



have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the governments Enterprise Funds, the Sewer and Water Funds, and the government's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The government also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on February 15th of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2004 taxable valuation of the government totaled \$46,540,511, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 10.0761 mills for operating purposes, .9239 for the Auburn drain and 5.0 mills for road repairs. This resulted in \$399,948 for operating expenses, \$42,846 for the Auburn drain, and \$231,848 for road repairs exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments.

Prepaid items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building improvements	15 to 30 years
Roads	40 years
Other Infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Water and sewer lines	50 to 75 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Office equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer equipment	3 to 7 years

Compensated absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the City. Sick leave is paid only upon retirement and is limited to the lesser of one-half of the total accumulation or 60 days. Employees are paid all their accumulated vacation pay upon termination of employment for any reason. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Comparative data

Comparative data is not included in the City's financial statements.



NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

The City is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund, activity, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of an activity must be approved by the City Commission.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit risk – State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the local unit is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk – The City has no policy that would limit the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2005, \$ 900,040 of the City's bank balance of \$ 2,274,402 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED REVENUE

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are as follows:

		Dι	ue After	
		Or	ne Year	Fund
Primary government				
Special assessments	<u> </u>	\$	21,285	General Fund

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	<u>Un</u>	<u>available</u>
Primary government		
Special assessments	\$	21,285



NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year were as follows:

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	61,570	\$		\$		\$	61,570
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		209,385		-		-		209,385
Infrastructure				67,512		-		67,512
Buildings, additions and improvements		215,372		-		-		215,372
Machinery and equipment Vehicles		631,639 89,793		10,419		-		642,058 89,793
		1,146,189	_	77,931	_			1,224,120
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	1,140,109	_	77,931			_	1,224,120
Less accumulated depreciation for		470 700		0.407				470.075
Land improvements Infrastructure		172,768		6,107 1,688		-		178,875 1,688
Buildings, additions and improvements		93,768		7,667		-		101,435
Machinery and equipment		305,619		47,983		_		353,602
Vehicles		68,391		5,889		-		74,280
Total accumulated depreciation		640,546		69,334		-		709,880
·		505,643		8,597		_		514,240
Net capital assets being depreciated	_		_		_		_	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	567,213	\$	8,597	\$		\$	575,810
	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	36,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,000
Construction in progress	_		_	4,641	_		_	4,641
Total capital assets not being depreciated		36,000		4,641	_			40,641
Capital assets being depreciated								
Water system		2,097,512		-		-		2,097,512
Sewer system		1,804,939	_	<u> </u>	_			1,804,939
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	3,902,451			_		_	3,902,451
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Water system		506,986		39,224		-		546,210
Sewer system	_	655,337	_	36,017	_		_	691,354
Total accumulated depreciation		1,162,323		75,241	_	-		1,237,564
Net capital assets being depreciated	_	2,740,128		(75,241)	_	-	_	2,664,887
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	2,776,128	\$	(70,600)	\$	-	\$	2,705,528

Capital assets activity of the component unit for the current year were as follows:

as follows.								
		Beginning Balance		Increases	Decr	eases		Ending Balance
Component Unit								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	13,000	\$		\$		\$	13,000
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		-		12,581		-		12,581
Buildings, additions and improvements		53,860		80,611		-		134,471
Total control accords being decreasisted		53,860		93,192				147,052
Total capital assets being depreciated		55,660	_	93,192	-		_	147,032
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements		-		503		-		503
Buildings, additions and improvements			_	2,421			_	2,421
Total accumulated depreciation				2,924		-		2,924
Net capital assets being depreciated		53,860		90,268		_		144,128
Net capital assets being depreciated		00,000	_	00,200	•		_	144,120
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	66,860	\$	90,268	\$	-	\$	157,128
Depreciation expense	was	charge	d	to progr	ams	of th	ne	primary
government as follows:								

Governmental activities		
General government	\$	3,731
Public safety		5,891
Public works		2,479
Recreation and culture		11,597
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are		
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets		45,636
Total governmental activities		69,334
Business-type activities		
Sewer		36,017
Water		39,224
-		75.044
Total business-type activities	_	75,241
Total primary gayarament	Ф	111 575
Total primary government	<u> </u>	144,575

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Local Street	Major Street Fund	\$ 4,088
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	 10,814
		\$ 14,902

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of due to/from primary government and Fiduciary Fund is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Current Tax Collection	\$ 4,911
Advances between funds		
Advance to	Advance from	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 100,000

The advance was made for water main improvements. Annual principal payments of \$25,000, plus 5% annual interest will be made until the advance is paid in full in 2009.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To		Amount		
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$	42,994		
General Fund	Water Fund		12,400		
Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund		25,277		
Road Revolving Fund	Other governmental funds		83,363		
		\$	164,034		

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.



NOTE 7 – LONG TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences. Compensated absences are typically liquidated with funds from the General Fund.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities Bonds payable Auburn Drain Contract Transportation Bonds General Obligation Bonds	2013 2015 2015	5.90 - 6.00% 5.30 - 5.60% 5.30 - 5.60%	\$29,929 \$ 35,000 - \$ 60,000 \$ 15,000 - \$ 25,000	\$ 269,361 465,000 225,000	-	\$ 29,929 30,000 15,000	\$ 239,432 435,000 210,000	\$ 29,929 35,000 15,000
Total bonds payable				959,361		74,929	884,432	79,929
Compensated absences				62,270		1,559	60,711	
Total governmental activities				\$ 1,021,631	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 76,488	\$ 945,143	\$ 79,929
Business-type activities Bonds payable Bay County Sewer Bonds	2008	5.50%	\$24,593 - \$27,600	\$ 108,675	\$ -	\$ 28,882	\$ 79,793	\$ 27,600



Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

Year Ending	G	overnment	ctivities	Business-type Activites					
June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	P	Principal		nterest	
2006	\$	79,929	\$	48,311	\$	27,600	\$	4,389	
2007		79,929		44,403		27,600		2,871	
2008		84,929		40,204		24,593		1,353	
2009		89,929		35,684		-		-	
2010		89,929		30,833		-		-	
2011-2015		459,787		75,094		-			
	\$	884,432	\$	274,529	\$	79,793	\$	8,613	

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The government has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Defined benefit pension plan

Plan description – The government participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the government. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report

may be obtained by writing to MERS at 447 N. Canal Rd., Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding policy – The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established with the government and requires a contribution from the employees of 3 percent of gross wages for the first \$4,200 of wages earned and 5% thereafter, for full time employees.

Annual pension costs – For year ended 2005, the government's annual pension cost of \$31,619 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2004, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: 1) an 8% investment rate of return; 2) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year; and 3) 4.5 percent per year cost of living adjustments. Both determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Three year trend information as of December 31, 2004 follows:

	2004 2003		2002
Annual pension cost	\$ 31,619 \$	25,017	\$ 24,070
Percentage of APC contributed	100%	100%	100%
Actuarial value of assets	1,094,054	1,013,511	924,345
Actuarial accrued liabilities	1,306,460	1,211,283	1,113,114
Unfunded AAL	212,406	197,772	188,769
Funded ratio	84%	84%	83%
Covered payroll	327,134	307,741	292,774
UAAL as a percentage of covered	CEN/	C 40/	C40/
payroll	65%	64%	64%



NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The June 30, 2004 net assets of the governmental activities, Sewer Fund and Internal Service Fund have been restated to account for the following items.

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities		
Net assets - beginning of year Sewer Fund debt	\$	774,792
Depreciation expense		108,675 8,500
Reclassed 1980 Sewage Disposal Bond Debt Fund		(1,283)
Internal Service Fund accumulated depreciation		(5,117)
Accrued interest		(16,654)
Net assets - beginning of year restated	\$	868,913
Sewer Fund		
Net assets - beginning of year	\$	1,361,055
Reclassed 1980 Sewage Disposal Bond Debt Fund Sewer fund debt		1,283 (108,675)
Sewer fulld dept		(100,073)
Net assets - beginning of year restated	\$	1,253,663
Internal Service Fund		
Net assets - beginning of year	\$	528,703
Accumulated depreciation	_	(5,117)
Net assets - beginning of year restated	\$	523,586



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 444,000	\$ 443,045	\$ 443,532	\$ 487
Penalties and interest	3,000	3,800	3,974	174
Administration fee	4,800	4,800	5,682	882
Licenses and permits	20,800	20,800	21,062	262
State revenue sharing	194,000	191,000	191,453	453
Charges for services	101,500	103,500	104,113	613
Fines and forfeitures	1,000	1,000	1,089	89
Interest income	10,000	10,000	16,937	6,937
Rental income	4,000	4,000	3,875	(125)
Other revenue	93,742	42,171	20,946	(21,225)
Total revenues	876,842	824,116	812,663	(11,453)
Expenditures General government				
City commission	5,430	5,430	3,935	(1,495)
Manager	89,175	79,300	75,573	(3,727)
Audit	2,200	2,200	1,872	(328)
Board of review	500	500	349	(151)
Clerk/Treasurer	59,120	49,645	45,353	(4,292)
Assessor	14,100	17,200	16,094	(1,106)
Elections	8,565	12,465	12,204	(261)
Buildings and grounds	41,275	41,275	30,563	(10,712)
Attorney	2,500	2,500		(2,500)
Total general government	222,865	210,515	185,943	(24,572)
Public safety				
Police	184,300	184,300	173,291	(11,009)
Fire department	56,000	56,190	56,190	
Total public safety	240,300	240,490	229,481	(11,009)

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Public works Department of public works Sidewalks Street lighting Sanitary land fill	\$ 60,800 135,725 22,000 99,000	\$ 55,925 111,650 22,000 101,000	\$ 38,669 106,759 20,616 99,189	\$ (17,256) (4,891) (1,384) (1,811)
Total public works	317,525	290,575	265,233	(25,342)
Community and economic development Planning Zoning	6,600 900	9,300 900	5,517 1,094	(3,783) 194
Total community and economic development	7,500	10,200	6,611	(3,589)
Recreation and culture Parks and recreation	69,125	69,125	63,026	(6,099)
Other functions Contingency	3,000	3,000		(3,000)
Transfers out	56,150	56,150	55,394	(756)
Total expenditures	916,465	880,055	805,688	(74,367)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(39,623)	(55,939)	6,975	62,914
Fund balance - beginning of year	821,539	821,539	821,539	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 781,916	\$ 765,600	\$ 828,514	\$ 62,914

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Major Street Fund

						Ov	Actual er (Under)
	Budg	eted A	Amounts				Final
	Original Final				Actual	Budget	
Revenues							
State revenue sharing	\$ 100,00	0 \$	100,000	\$	101,106	\$	1,106
Other state grants	-	•	-	*	2,218	*	2,218
Interest income	50	00	500		674		174
merest moone		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	_	<u></u>
Total revenues	100,50	00	100,500		103,998		3,498
Total Tovolidos							
Expenditures							
Current							
Public works	66,23	35	66,235		47,760		(18,475)
Capital outlay	-		50,000		5,656		(44,344)
Transfers out	25,00	0	25,000		25,277		277
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,		
Total expenditures	91,23	35	141,235		78,693		(62,542)
•							,
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures	9,26	55	(40,735)		25,305		66,040
` , , .	,		,				
Fund balance - beginning of year	89,20)5	89,205		89,205		
Ç Ç .							
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 98,47	<u>′0</u> \$	48,470	\$	114,510	\$	66,040
	·						



Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Local Street Fund

		Budgeted	l Am	nounts			0	Actual ver (Under) Final
	Original Final			Actual			Budget	
Revenues							_	
State revenue sharing	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	40,783	\$	(217)
Other state grants	*	-	*	-	*	4,714	*	4,714
Interest income		100		100		102		2
Transfers in		25,000		75,000		25,277		(49,723)
Total revenues		66,100		116,100		70,876		(45,224)
Expenditures Current								
Public works		82,975		82,475		69,076		(13,399)
Capital outlay				50,000		10,180		(39,820)
Total expenditures		82,975		132,475		79,256		(53,219)
Excess of revenues (deficiency) over expenditures		(16,875)		(16,375)		(8,380)		7,995
Fund balance - beginning of year		39,219		39,219		39,219		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	22,344	\$	22,844	\$	30,839	\$	7,995

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Road Revolving Fund

	Budgeted Original	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues Taxes Interest income	\$ 231,000 2,000	Final \$ 231,000 2,000	Actual \$ 231,847 2,549	\$ 847 549
Total revenues	233,000	233,000	234,396	1,396
Expenditures Current Public works Transfers out	25 83,850	25 83,850	- 83,363	(25) (487)
Total expenditures	83,875	83,875	83,363	(512)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	149,125	149,125	151,033	1,908
Fund balance - beginning of year	176,380	176,380	176,380	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 325,505	\$ 325,505	\$ 327,413	\$ 1,908

Other Supplemental Information

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Fund	D	ebt Service Funds	;	
	Building Inspection	•		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,288	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 2,928	\$ 16,256
Receivables Customers	245				245
Total assets	<u>\$ 13,533</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	\$ 20	\$ 2,928	\$ 16,501
Fund Balances Reserved for:					
Debt service Unreserved	\$ - <u>13,533</u>	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 2,928	\$ 2,968 13,533
Total fund balances	13,533	20	20	2,928	16,501
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,533	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 2,928	\$ 16,501



Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	R 	evenue Fund uilding		Debt Service Funds 2000 2000 Michigan 1992 Midland Road Transportation Auburn Bonds Bonds Drain				Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
Revenues	•		_		_		_		_	0.5.7
Licenses and permits Interest income	\$ 	857 29	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$ 	4	\$ 	857 33
Total revenues		886			_			4		890
Expenditures Current Public safety Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		3,900	_	- 15,000 12,605		- 30,000 25,758		- 29,929 17,778	_	3,900 74,929 56,141
Total expenditures		3,900		27,605		55,758		47,707	_	134,970
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,014)		(27,605)	_	(55,758)		(47,703)		(134,080)
Other financing sources Transfers in				27,605	_	55,758		42,994		126,357
Net change in fund balance		(3,014)		-		-		(4,709)		(7,723)
Fund balance - beginning of year		16,547		20	_	20		7,637		24,224
Fund balance - end of year	\$	13,533	\$	20	\$	20	\$	2,928	\$	16,501

Other Supplemental Information

Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues Taxes Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 154,204 5,173	\$ 154,204 5,173
Total revenues			159,377	159,377
Expenditures Current Community and economic development Capital outlay	7,900 104,700	7,900 104,700	4,364 98,323	(3,536) (6,377)
Total expenditures	112,600	112,600	102,687	(9,913)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(112,600)	(112,600)	56,690	169,290
Fund balance - beginning of year	375,262	375,262	375,262	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 262,662	\$ 262,662	\$ 431,952	\$ 169,290

Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental f	unds
--	------

\$ 56,690

Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense

(2,924)

Capital outlay

93,192

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 146,958



City of Auburn
Other Supplemental Information
Schedule of Indebtedness
June 30, 2005

Description	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Amount of Annual Maturity		Interest		Interest		Total	
Governmental Activities	5.90%	2006	\$	29,929	\$	7,603	\$	7,063	\$	44,595
Auburn Drain Contract	6.00%	2007	·	29,929		6,285	·	6,285		42,499
	6.00%	2008		29,929		5,387		5,387		40,703
	6.00%	2009		29,929		4,489		4,489		38,907
	6.00%	2010		29,929		3,591		3,591		37,111
	6.00%	2011		29,929		2,694		2,694		35,317
	6.00%	2012		29,929		1,796		1,796		33,521
	6.00%	2013		29,929		898		898		31,725
			\$	239,432	<u>\$</u>	32,743	\$	32,203	\$	304,378
Transportation Bonds	5.30%	2006	\$	35,000	\$	11,528	\$	11,528	\$	58,056
	5.35%	2007		35,000		10,700		10,700		56,400
	5.40%	2008		35,000		9,855		9,855		54,710
	5.45%	2009		40,000		8,993		8,993		57,986
	5.50%	2010		40,000		7,975		7,975		55,950
	5.50%	2011		45,000		6,875		6,857		58,732
	5.55%	2012		45,000		5,689		5,689		56,378
	5.55%	2013		45,000		4,440		4,440		53,880
	5.60%	2014		55,000		3,220		3,220		61,440
	5.60%	2015	_	60,000		1,680		1,380		63,060
			\$	435,000	\$	70,955	\$	70,637	\$	576,592



City of Auburn Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Indebtedness June 30, 2005

Description	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Amount of Annual Maturity		Interest		Interest		Total	
General Obligation Bonds	5.30% 5.35% 5.40% 5.45% 5.50% 5.50% 5.55% 5.60%	2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	\$	15,000 15,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 25,000 25,000 25,000	\$	5,565 5,216 4,860 4,360 3,850 3,300 2,775 2,081 1,400 700	\$	5,565 5,216 4,860 4,360 3,850 3,300 2,775 2,081 1,400 700	\$	26,130 25,432 29,720 28,720 27,700 26,600 30,550 29,162 27,800 26,400
			\$	210,000	\$	34,107	\$	34,107	\$	278,214
Business-type Activities Bay County Sewer Bonds	5.50% 5.50% 5.50%	2006 2007 2008	\$	27,600 27,600 24,593	\$	2,194 1,435 676	\$	2,194 1,435 676	\$	31,989 30,471 25,946
			\$	79,793	\$	4,306	\$	4,306	\$	88,406



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To The City Council City of Auburn Auburn, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of City of Auburn for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered the City's internal control to plan our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 11, 2005, on the financial statements of City of Auburn.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various City personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Midland, Michigan

November 11, 2005

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.



PETTY CASH

Checks written to replenish petty cash are written to the order of "petty cash". A check written to "cash" can be cashed by any individual and this creates a potential for misappropriation of the Organization's assets.

Recommendation

We recommend checks to replenish petty cash to be made out to a specific individual, preferably someone other than the individual responsible for reconciliation of the account.

RECEIPTS

Check payments received at the City are not immediately stamped "For Deposit Only". This is only done before deposit is taken to the bank.

Recommendation

Restricted endorsement should be placed on check remittances immediately upon receipt to prevent a potential misappropriation of Organization's assets.

BANK STATEMENTS

Currently bank statements are not received by the appropriate level of management or a board member and reviewed prior to routing for reconciliation. Bank statements are received directly by the Clerk/Treasurer. Since the Clerk/Treasurer is also involved in the purchasing, receiving, check preparation, cash receipts and accounts payable, this is not considered optimal.

Recommendation

We understand that the number of employees is very limited, but to better segregate duties we recommend that the City Administrator receives unopened bank statements directly from the bank and reviews all cancelled checks and the monthly activity before the reconciliation.

COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES

Council minutes are currently not stored in an electronic format. During the audit time was spent trying to locate some board minutes, which were misfiled.

Recommendation

Electronic copy of each month's Council minutes should be stored on a computer or another storage media. Minutes serve as the only documentation of various discussions and decisions made by the City Council and are required documentation to be kept by the City government.

